

# iMGP Alternative Strategies Fund (formerly, PartnerSelect Alternative Strategies Fund)

## Summary Prospectus

**Institutional Class Ticker Symbol: MASFX**

**April 30, 2021**

**Investor Class Ticker Symbol: MASNX**

As supplemented October 1, 2021 and December 16, 2021

*Before you invest, you may want to review the Fund's Prospectus, which contains more information about the Fund and its risks. You can find the Fund's Prospectus, Statement of Additional Information and other information about the Fund online at <http://imgpfunds.com/documents-forms>. You may also obtain this information at no cost by calling 1-800-960-0188. The Fund's Prospectus and Statement of Additional Information, each dated April 30, 2021, as supplemented, are incorporated by reference into this Summary Prospectus.*

*Paper copies of the Funds' annual and semi-annual shareholder reports will no longer be sent by mail, unless you specifically request paper copies of the reports. Instead, the reports will be made available on the Funds' website ([www.imgpfunds.com](http://www.imgpfunds.com)), and you will be notified by mail each time a report is posted and provided with a website link to access the report.*

*You may elect to receive all future reports in paper free of charge. If you invest through a financial intermediary, you can contact your financial intermediary to request that you receive paper copies of your reports. If you invest directly with the Trust, you can call 1-800-960-0188. Your election to receive reports in paper will apply to all Funds in the Trust or held with your financial intermediary.*

### **Investment Objective**

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The iMGP Alternative Strategies Fund (the "Alternative Strategies Fund") seeks to achieve long-term returns with lower risk and lower volatility than the stock market, and with relatively low correlation to stock and bond market indexes.

## Fees and Expenses of the Alternative Strategies Fund

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Alternative Strategies Fund.

### Shareholder Fees (fees paid directly from your investment)

	Institutional Class	Investor Class
	None	None

### Annual Operating Expenses (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

	Institutional Class	Investor Class
Management Fees	1.40%	1.40%
Distribution and or Service (12b-1) Fees	None	0.25%
Other Expenses Not Including Dividend or Interest Expense	0.21%	0.20%
Dividend and Interest Expense	<u>0.14%</u>	<u>0.14%</u>
Total Other Expenses	<u>0.35%</u>	<u>0.34%</u>
<b>Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses</b>	1.75%	1.99%
Fee Waiver and/or Expense Reimbursement <sup>(1)</sup>	-0.28%	-0.28%
<b>Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waiver and/or Expense Reimbursement<sup>(1)</sup></b>	<b><u>1.47%</u></b>	<b><u>1.71%</u></b>

(1) iM Global Partner Fund Management, LLC (“iM Global”), the advisor to the Alternative Strategies Fund, has contractually agreed, through April 30, 2022, to waive a portion of its advisory fees so that after paying all of the sub-advisory fees, the net advisory fee as a percentage of the Alternative Strategies Fund’s daily net assets retained by iM Global is 0.50% on the first \$2 billion of the Alternative Strategies Fund’s assets, 0.40% of the next \$1 billion of the Alternative Strategies Fund’s assets, 0.35% of the next \$1 billion of the Alternative Strategies Fund’s assets and 0.30% on assets over \$4 billion. This agreement may be terminated at any time by the Board of Trustees (the “Board”) of the Litman Gregory Funds Trust (the “Trust”) upon sixty (60) days’ written notice to iM Global, and iM Global may decline to renew this agreement by written notice to the Trust at least thirty (30) days before the agreement’s annual expiration date. iM Global has waived its right to receive reimbursement of the portion of its advisory fees waived pursuant to this agreement.

### Example

This example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Alternative Strategies Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Alternative Strategies Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Alternative Strategies Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

	One Year	Three Years	Five Years	Ten Years
Institutional Class	\$150	\$514	\$914	\$2,031
Investor Class	\$174	\$588	\$1,038	\$2,286

### Portfolio Turnover

The Alternative Strategies Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when shares of the Alternative Strategies Fund are held in a taxable account as compared to shares in investment companies that hold investments for a longer period. These costs, which are not reflected in the annual fund operating expenses or in the example, will affect the Alternative Strategies Fund’s performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Alternative Strategies Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 193.98% of the average value of its portfolio.

## Principal Strategies

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Over the long term, the goal of iM Global Partner Fund Management, LLC, the advisor to the Alternative Strategies Fund, is to achieve an annualized return of LIBOR plus a range of 4% to 8%. (LIBOR is short for the London Interbank Offered Rate, an interest rate used by banks for short-term loans to each other.) iM Global has established this goal to emphasize the importance of preserving and increasing shareholders' capital investment rather than simply beating an index, and we use it to select managers and allocate assets among them. Of course there are no guarantees that we will achieve this goal, and investors may experience losses, especially over shorter time periods.

The Alternative Strategies Fund invests in a mix of strategies that iM Global believes offer risk-return characteristics that are attractive individually and even more compelling collectively. The Alternative Strategies Fund is intended to be used by investors as a source of diversification for traditional stock and bond portfolios to reduce volatility and potentially enhance returns relative to various measures of risk.

Allocations among sub-advisors are based on a number of factors, including iM Global's expectation for the risk-adjusted return potential of each sub-advisor's strategy and the impact on overall portfolio risk, with the objective of maximizing return subject to the goals of low volatility and relatively low correlation with broad financial markets, especially the stock market. iM Global may at times adjust the allocations of capital to sub-advisors if it believes there is a highly compelling tactical opportunity in a particular sub-advisor's strategy. A tactical opportunity could represent the potential for an exceptional risk-adjusted return opportunity relative to the other strategies, or it may represent a superior risk reduction opportunity that could benefit the Alternative Strategies Fund's overall portfolio. Portfolio assets will be tactically allocated to the sub-advisors in accordance with the target allocation range for each sub-advisor as measured at the time of allocation. It is possible that additional managers and strategies will be added to the Alternative Strategies Fund in the future.

Sub-advisor strategies may seek to benefit from: opportunities to combine securities with differing risk characteristics; market inefficiencies; arbitrage opportunities; opportunities to provide liquidity; tactical opportunities in asset classes or securities; special situations such as spin offs; as well as other opportunities in areas such as real estate or managed futures. In the aggregate, the managers can invest globally in stocks of companies of any size, domicile or market capitalization, government and corporate bonds and other fixed income securities and currencies, including short positions of any of the foregoing, within their respective segments of the Alternative Strategies Fund. They may also invest in derivatives, including, without limitation, options, futures contracts, participatory notes ("P-Notes") and swaps, to manage risk or enhance return and can also borrow amounts up to one third of the value of the Fund's total assets (except that the Fund may exceed this limit to satisfy redemption requests or for other temporary purposes). Each of the managers may invest in illiquid securities; however, the Alternative Strategies Fund as a whole may not hold more than 15% of its net assets in illiquid securities. In some cases, the sub-advisors may seek to replicate strategies they employ in their private (hedge) funds. In other cases, the sub-advisors may seek to enhance strategies they run in other public funds by focusing on their highest conviction ideas to a greater extent or by pursuing certain aspects of their strategies with greater flexibility. However, the Alternative Strategies Fund will only invest directly in portfolio securities selected by the sub-advisors and will not invest in any pooled investment vehicles or accounts managed by the sub-advisors.

Each sub-advisor will have an investment approach that generally focuses on a particular asset class or specific strategies. Currently, the strategies the sub-advisors focus on are as follows: (1) an arbitrage oriented strategy, (2) an opportunistic income strategy which will often focus on mortgage related securities, (3) a contrarian opportunity strategy that allows tactical investments throughout the capital structure (stocks and bonds), asset classes, market capitalization, industries and geographies, (4) a long/short credit strategy, and (5) a strategic alpha strategy that focuses on the tactical allocation of long and short global fixed income opportunities and currencies. iM Global may hire sub-advisors that focus on other strategies in the future, and not all strategies that may be appropriate will be represented in the Alternative Strategies Fund's portfolio at all times.

The sub-advisor that manages the arbitrage strategy seeks to generate long-term returns of at least mid-single-digits with low correlation to the equity and bond markets and may follow merger arbitrage, convertible arbitrage and capital structure arbitrage strategies. This objective is pursued by investing in equity and debt securities of U.S. and non-U.S. companies that are impacted by corporate events such as mergers, acquisitions, restructurings, refinancings, recapitalizations, reorganizations or other special situations.

The sub-advisor that manages the opportunistic income strategy allocates investments to fixed income instruments and other investments with no limit on the duration of the portfolio. The sub-advisor may invest in, without limitation,

asset-backed securities; domestic and foreign corporate bonds, including high-yield bonds; municipal bonds; bonds or other obligations issued by domestic or foreign governments, including emerging markets countries; real estate investment trust (“REIT”) debt securities; and mortgage related securities. iM Global defines an emerging market country as any country that is included in the MSCI Emerging Markets Index. When investing in mortgage-related securities, the sub-advisor may invest in obligations issued or guaranteed by agencies or instrumentalities of the U.S. Government; collateralized mortgage obligations (“CMOs”) issued by domestic or foreign private issuers that represent an interest in or are collateralized by mortgage related securities issued by agencies or instrumentalities of the U.S. Government; commercial mortgage backed securities (“CMBS”); obligations issued by private issuers that represent an interest in or are collateralized by whole mortgage loans or mortgage related securities without a government guarantee but typically with some form of private credit enhancement; “interest only” and “principal only” stripped mortgage securities; inverse floating rate securities; and debt or equity tranches of collateralized debt obligations collateralized by mortgage related securities. The sub-advisor may purchase or sell mortgage-backed securities on a delayed delivery or forward commitment basis through the “to-be-announced” (TBA) market. With TBA transactions, the particular securities to be delivered are not identified at the trade date but the delivered securities must meet specified terms and standards. The sub-advisor will generally enter into TBA transactions with the intention of taking possession of the underlying mortgage-backed securities. However, in an effort to obtain underlying mortgage-backed securities on more preferable terms or to enhance returns, the sub-advisor may extend the settlement by entering into “dollar roll” transactions in which the sub-advisor sells mortgage-backed securities and simultaneously agrees to purchase substantially similar securities on a future date. The sub-advisor also expects to engage in short sales of TBA mortgages, including short sales on TBA mortgages the Fund does not own, to potentially enhance returns or manage risk.

The sub-advisor that manages the contrarian opportunity strategy focuses on investments that offer absolute rather than relative value. The goal is to provide equity-like returns over longer periods (*i.e.*, five to seven years) while protecting against the permanent loss of capital. Attention is directed toward those companies offering the best combination of such quality criteria as strong market share, good management, and high normalized return on capital.

The sub-advisor that manages the long-short credit strategy employs a systematic portfolio construction process underpinned by a proprietary, fundamental model of credit risk and valuation. The sub-advisor’s investment process is designed to exploit information gaps between credit and equity markets and other market inefficiencies to identify and capture mispricing at the individual asset level. The strategy is expected to generate returns from idiosyncratic credit selection, as the strategy systematically curtails rate duration and credit beta exposure. Correlations to systematic market risks including high yield and equity market returns are expected to be minimal, and strategy returns are not expected to be correlated to the returns of other active strategies. The portfolio is managed with the intention that the sensitivity of the long portfolio to market-wide credit spread movements will be offset in part by the sensitivities of the short portfolio to such market-wide movements. The sub-advisor may invest in corporate bonds issued by domestic and non-U.S. based companies, U.S. Treasury securities and long (sold protection) single name credit default swaps (CDS), interest rate futures and swaps and foreign exchange forwards (for hedging and currency conversion purposes). The short portfolio may be invested in short (bought protection) single name Credit Default Swap (CDS), short positions in Credit Default Indices (CDX Indices), and short positions in Total Return Swaps (TRS).

The sub-advisor that manages the strategic alpha strategy seeks to achieve positive total returns over a full market cycle with relatively low volatility. The sub-advisor intends to pursue its objective by utilizing a flexible investment approach that allocates investments across a global range of investment opportunities related to credit, currencies and interest rates, while employing risk management strategies designed to mitigate downside risk. Under normal market conditions, the sub-advisor may invest (1) up to 75% of the total assets allocated to it in below investment-grade fixed income securities and related derivatives; (2) up to 75% of the total assets allocated to it in investments denominated in non-U.S. currencies and related derivatives, including up to 50% in investments denominated in emerging market currencies and related derivatives; and (3) up to 20% of the total assets allocated to it in equity related securities and derivatives as measured at time of allocation. A “related derivative” of a financial instrument means any derivative whose value is based upon or derived from that financial instrument or a related derivative of that financial instrument. The sub-advisor incorporates systematic and quantitative models into its investment process.

## Principal Risks

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As with all mutual funds, it is possible to lose money on an investment in the Alternative Strategies Fund. An investment in the Alternative Strategies Fund is not a deposit of any bank and is not guaranteed, endorsed or insured by any financial institution, government authority or the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). The principal risks of investing in the Alternative Strategies Fund are:

- **Equity Securities Risk.** This is the risk that the value of equity securities may fluctuate, sometimes rapidly and unpredictably, due to factors affecting the general market, an entire industry or sector, or particular companies. These factors include, without limitation, adverse changes in economic conditions, the general outlook for corporate earnings, interest rates or investor sentiment; increases in production costs; and significant management decisions. This risk is greater for small- and medium-sized companies, which tend to be more vulnerable to adverse developments than larger companies.
- **Debt Securities Risk.** This is the risk that the value and liquidity of debt securities may be reduced under certain circumstances. The value of debt securities can fluctuate in response to issuer activity and changes in general economic and credit market conditions, including changes in interest rates. It is likely there will be less governmental action in the near future to maintain low interest rates. The negative impact on debt securities from the resulting rate increases for that and other reasons could be swift and significant. In recent years, dealer capacity in the debt and fixed income markets appears to have undergone fundamental changes, including a reduction in dealer market-making capacity. These changes have the potential to decrease substantially liquidity and increase volatility in the debt and fixed income markets.
- **Public Health Emergency Risk.** This is the risk that pandemics and other public health emergencies, including outbreaks of infectious diseases such as the current outbreak of the novel coronavirus (“COVID-19”), can result, and in the case of COVID-19 is resulting, in market volatility and disruption, and materially and adversely impact economic conditions in ways that cannot be predicted, all of which could result in substantial investment losses. Containment efforts and related restrictive actions by governments and businesses have significantly diminished and disrupted global economic activity across many industries. Less developed countries and their health systems may be more vulnerable to these impacts. The ultimate impact of COVID-19 or other health emergencies on global economic conditions and businesses is impossible to predict accurately. Ongoing and potential additional material adverse economic effects of indeterminate duration and severity are possible. The resulting adverse impact on the value of an investment in the Fund could be significant and prolonged.
- **Market Risk.** As with all mutual funds that invest in common stocks, the value of an individual’s investment will fluctuate daily in response to the performance of the individual stocks held in the Fund. The stock market has been subject to significant volatility recently, which has increased the risks associated with an investment in the Fund.
- **Below Investment-Grade Fixed Income Securities Risk.** This is the risk of investing in below investment-grade fixed income securities (also known as “junk bonds”), which may be greater than that of higher rated fixed income securities. These securities are rated Ba1 through C by Moody’s Investors Service (“Moody’s”) or BB+ through D by Standard & Poor’s Rating Group (“S&P”) (or comparably rated by another nationally recognized statistical rating organization), or, if not rated by Moody’s or S&P, are considered by the sub-advisors to be of similar quality. These securities have greater risk of default than higher rated securities. The market value of these securities is more sensitive to corporate developments and economic conditions and can be volatile. Market conditions can diminish liquidity and make accurate valuations difficult to obtain. There is no limit to the Alternative Strategies Fund’s ability to invest in below investment-grade fixed income securities; however, under normal market conditions, it does not expect to invest more than 50% of its total assets in below investment-grade fixed income securities.
- **Interest Rate Risk.** This is the risk that debt securities will decline in value because of changes in interest rates. A fund with a longer average portfolio duration will be more sensitive to changes in interest rates than a fund with a shorter average portfolio duration.
- **Credit Risk.** This is the risk that the Alternative Strategies Fund could lose money if the issuer or guarantor of a fixed income security, or the counterparty of a derivatives contract or other transaction, is unable or unwilling (or is perceived to be unable or unwilling) to make timely payment of principal and/or interest, or to otherwise honor its obligations.

- **Convertible Securities Risk.** This is the risk that the market value of convertible securities may fluctuate due to changes in, among other things, interest rates; other general economic conditions; industry fundamentals; market sentiment; the issuer's operating results, financial statements, and credit ratings; and the market value of the underlying common or preferred stock.
- **Capital Structure Arbitrage Risk.** The perceived mispricing identified by the sub-advisor may not disappear or may even increase, in which case losses may be realized.
- **Convertible Arbitrage Risk.** Arbitrage strategies involve engaging in transactions that attempt to exploit price differences of identical, related or similar securities on different markets or in different forms. A Fund may realize losses or reduced rate of return if underlying relationships among securities in which investment positions are taken change in an adverse manner or a transaction is unexpectedly terminated or delayed. Trading to seek short-term capital appreciation can be expected to cause the Fund's portfolio turnover rate to be substantially higher than that of the average equity-oriented investment company, resulting in higher transaction costs and additional capital gains tax liabilities.
- **Event-Driven Risk.** Event-driven investments involve the risk that certain of the events driving the investment may not happen or the market may react differently than expected to the anticipated transaction. In addition, although an event may occur or is announced, it may be renegotiated, terminated or involve a longer time frame than originally contemplated. Event-driven investment transactions are also subject to the risk of overall market movements. Any one of these risks could cause the Fund to experience investment losses, impacting its shares negatively.
- **Asset-Backed Securities Risk.** This is the risk that the impairment of the value of the collateral underlying a security in which the Fund invests, such as the non-payment of loans, will result in a reduction in the value of the security. The value of these securities may also fluctuate in response to the market's perception of the value of issuers or collateral.
- **Mortgage-Backed Securities Risk.** This is the risk of investing in mortgaged-backed securities, which includes interest rate risk, prepayment risk and the risk of defaults on the mortgage loans underlying these securities.
- **TBAs and Dollar Rolls Risk.** This is the risk that, although the securities that are delivered in TBA transactions must meet certain standards, the actual securities received by the Fund may be less favorable than what was anticipated when entering into the transaction. TBA transactions are collateralized but they still involve the risk that a counterparty will fail to deliver the security, exposing the Fund to potential losses. Whether or not the Fund takes delivery of the securities at the termination date of a TBA transaction, it will nonetheless be exposed to changes in the value of the underlying investments during the term of the agreement. Forward settling securities, such as TBAs, involve leverage which may magnify investment risks and can cause losses to be realized more quickly.
- **Foreign Investment Risk.** This is the risk that an investment in foreign (non-U.S.) securities may cause the Fund to experience more rapid and extreme changes in value than a fund that invests exclusively in securities of U.S. companies, due to factors such as currency conversion rate fluctuations, and the political and economic climates and differences in financial reporting, accounting and auditing standards in the foreign countries where the Fund invests or has exposure.
- **Emerging Markets Risk:** This is the risk that the value of the Fund's emerging markets investments will decline due to the greater degree of economic, political and social instability of emerging or developing countries as compared to developed countries.
- **Currency Risk:** This is the risk that foreign currencies will decline in value relative to the U.S. dollar and affect the Fund's investments in foreign (non-U.S.) currencies or in securities that trade in, and receive revenues in, or in derivatives that provide exposure to, foreign (non-U.S.) currencies.
- **Leverage Risk.** This is the risk that leverage may cause the effect of an increase or decrease in the value of the Alternative Strategies Fund's portfolio securities to be magnified and the Alternative Strategies Fund to be more volatile than if leverage was not used. Leverage may result from certain transactions, including the use of derivatives and borrowing.
- **Derivatives Risk.** This is the risk that an investment in derivatives may not correlate completely to the performance of the underlying securities and may be volatile and that the insolvency of the counterparty to a derivative instrument could cause the Alternative Strategies Fund to lose all or substantially all of its investment in the derivative instrument, as well as the benefits derived therefrom.

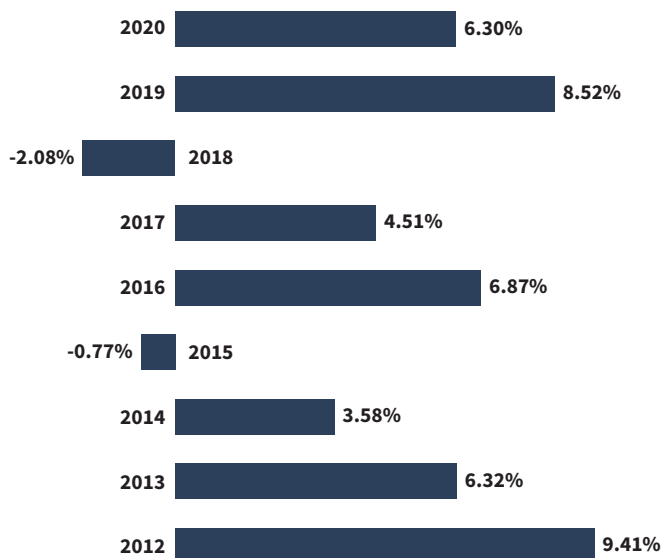


- **Options Risk.** This is the risk that an investment in options may be subject to greater fluctuation than an investment in the underlying instruments themselves and may be subject to a complete loss of the amounts paid as premiums to purchase the options.
- **Futures Contracts Risk.** This is the risk that an investment in futures contracts may be subject to losses that exceed the amount of the premiums paid and may subject the Alternative Strategies Fund's net asset value to greater volatility.
- **P-Notes Risk.** This is the risk that the performance results of P-Notes will not replicate exactly the performance of the issuers or markets that the P-Notes seek to replicate. Investments in P-Notes involve risks normally associated with a direct investment in the underlying securities as well as additional risks, such as counterparty risk.
- **Swaps Risk.** Risks inherent in the use of swaps include: (1) swap contracts may not be assigned without the consent of the counterparty; (2) potential default of the counterparty to the swap; (3) absence of a liquid secondary market for any particular swap at any time; and (4) possible inability of the Alternative Strategies Fund to close out the swap transaction at a time that otherwise would be favorable for it to do so.
- **Short Sale Risk.** This is the risk that the value of a security the Alternative Strategies Fund sells short does not go down as expected. The risk of loss is theoretically unlimited if the value of the security sold short continues to increase. In addition, short sales may cause the Alternative Strategies Fund to be compelled, at a time disadvantageous to it, to buy the security previously sold short, thus resulting in a loss. To meet current margin requirements, the Alternative Strategies Fund is required to deposit with the broker additional cash or securities so that the total deposit with the broker is maintained daily at 150% of the current market value of the securities sold short.
- **Merger Arbitrage Risk.** This is the risk that a proposed reorganization in which the Alternative Strategies Fund invests may be renegotiated or terminated.
- **Models and Data Risk.** This is the risk that that one or all of the proprietary systematic and quantitative models may fail to identify profitable opportunities at any time. Furthermore, the models may incorrectly identify opportunities and these misidentified opportunities may lead to substantial losses for the Fund. Models may be predictive in nature and such models may result in an incorrect assessment of future events. Data used in the construction of models may prove to be inaccurate or stale, which may result in losses for the Fund.
- **Multi-Style Management Risk.** This is the risk that the Alternative Strategies Fund could experience overlapping security transactions as a result of having different portfolio managers using different strategies to manage the Alternative Strategies Fund's assets. Certain portfolio managers may be purchasing securities at the same time other portfolio managers may be selling those same securities, which may lead to higher transaction expenses compared to a fund using a single investment strategy.
- **Investment Selection Risk.** The specific investments held in the Fund's investment portfolio may underperform other funds in the same asset class or benchmarks that are representative of the general performance of the asset class because of a portfolio manager's choice of securities.
- **Portfolio Turnover Risk.** This is the risk that the Alternative Strategies Fund may experience high portfolio turnover rates as a result of its investment strategies. High portfolio turnover rates may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when shares of the Alternative Strategies Fund are held in a taxable account as compared to shares in investment companies that hold investments for a longer period.
- **Unfavorable Tax Treatment Risk.** This is the risk that a material portion of the Alternative Strategies Fund's return could be in the form of net investment income or short-term capital gains, some of which may be distributed to shareholders and taxed at ordinary income tax rates. Therefore, shareholders may have a greater need to pay regular taxes than compared to other investment strategies that hold investments longer. Due to this investment strategy, it may be preferable for certain shareholders to invest in the Fund through pre-tax or tax-deferred accounts as compared to investment through currently taxable accounts. Potential shareholders are encouraged to consult their tax advisors in this regard.

## Performance

The following performance information provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Alternative Strategies Fund. The bar chart shows changes in the performance of the Alternative Strategies Fund's Institutional Class shares from year to year. The table below shows how the Alternative Strategies Fund's average annual total returns of the Institutional Class and Investor Class for the 1-, 5-year and since inception periods compare to those of the 3-month LIBOR, two secondary market indexes as well as an index of peer group mutual funds. Past performance, before and after taxes, does not necessarily indicate how the Alternative Strategies Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available on the Alternative Strategies Fund's website at [www.imgpfunds.com](http://www.imgpfunds.com).

### iMGP Alternative Strategies Fund Institutional Class Calendar Year Total Returns as of December 31



During the period shown above, the highest and lowest quarterly returns earned by the Alternative Strategies Fund were:

**Highest:** 7.64% Quarter ended June 30, 2020

**Lowest:** -9.36% Quarter ended March 31, 2020

### Average Annual Total Returns (for the periods ended December 31, 2020)

	One Year	Five Years	Since Fund Inception (9/30/2011)
<b>iMGP Alternative Strategies Fund</b>			
<b>Institutional Class</b>			
Return Before Taxes	6.30%	4.76%	4.92%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	4.94%	3.60%	3.81%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	3.74%	3.19%	3.40%
<b>Investor Class</b>			
Return Before Taxes	6.06%	4.49%	4.67%
<b>3-Month LIBOR</b> <i>(reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)</i>	0.67%	1.49%	0.95%
<b>Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index</b> <i>(reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)</i>	7.51%	4.44%	3.43%
<b>Morningstar Multialternative Category</b> <i>(reflects net performance of funds in this group)</i>	1.15%	2.02%	1.84%
<b>HFRX Global Hedge Fund Index</b> <i>(reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)</i>	6.81%	3.29%	2.34%



The Alternative Strategies Fund's after-tax returns as shown in the table are calculated using the historical highest applicable individual federal marginal income tax rates for the period and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Your actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown. If you own shares of the Alternative Strategies Fund in a tax-deferred account, such as a 401(k) plan or an individual retirement account after-tax returns shown are not relevant to your investment. After-tax returns are shown for only the Alternative Strategies Fund's Institutional Class, and after-tax returns for the Alternative Strategies Fund's Investor Class will vary. The after-tax returns on distributions and sale of Fund shares may be higher than returns before taxes due to the effect of a tax benefit an investor may receive from the realization of capital losses that would have been incurred on the sale of Fund shares.

## Management

INVESTMENT ADVISOR	PORTFOLIO MANAGER	MANAGED THE ALTERNATIVE STRATEGIES FUND SINCE:
<b>iM Global Partner Fund Management, LLC</b>	Jeremy DeGroot, CFA, President of the Trust, Principal, Chief Investment Officer and Portfolio Manager	2011
	Jason Steuerwalt, CFA, Principal, Senior Research Analyst and Co-Portfolio Manager	2019
<b>SUB-ADVISOR</b>	<b>PORTFOLIO MANAGER</b>	
<b>Blackstone Credit Systematic Strategies LLC</b>	Stephen Kealhofer, Head of Research and Portfolio Manager	2017
	Paul Harrison, Chief Investment Officer and Portfolio Manager	2017
	Adam Dwinells, Head of Portfolio Management and Portfolio Manager	2017
<b>DoubleLine Capital LP</b>	Jeffrey Gundlach, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Investment Officer and Portfolio Manager	2011
	Jeffrey Sherman, CFA, Deputy Chief Investment Officer and Portfolio Manager	2017
<b>First Pacific Advisors, LP</b>	Steven Romick, CFA, Managing Partner and Portfolio Manager	2011
	Brian Selmo, CFA, Partner, Portfolio Manager and Director of Research	2011
	Mark Landecker, CFA, Partner and Portfolio Manager	2011
<b>Loomis, Sayles &amp; Company, L.P.</b>	Matthew J. Eagan, CFA, Executive Vice President, Director and Portfolio Manager	2011
	Todd P. Vandam, CFA, Vice President and Portfolio Manager	2011
	Brian P. Kennedy, Vice President and Portfolio Manager	2021
	Elaine M. Stokes, Executive Vice President, Director and Portfolio Manager	2021
<b>Water Island Capital, LLC</b>	John Orrico, CFA, President, Chief Investment Officer and Portfolio Manager	2011
	Todd Munn, Portfolio Manager	2011
	Roger Foltynowicz, CFA, CAIA, Portfolio Manager	2011
	Gregg Loprete, Portfolio Manager	2011

## Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

You may purchase, redeem or exchange Fund shares on any business day by written request via mail (Litman Gregory Funds Trust, c/o DST Asset Manager Solutions, Inc., P.O. Box 219922, Kansas City, MO 64121-9922), by wire transfer, by telephone at 1-800-960-0188, or through a financial intermediary. The minimum initial and subsequent investment amounts for the Fund are shown below.

<b>Fund/Type of Account</b>	<b>Minimum Initial Investment<sup>(1)</sup></b>	<b>Minimum Additional Investment</b>	<b>Minimum Account Balance</b>
<b>Alternative Strategies Fund</b>			
Regular			
- Institutional Class	\$100,000	\$250	\$2,500
- Investor Class	\$1,000	\$100	\$250
Retirement Account			
- Institutional Class	\$5,000	\$100	\$250
- Investor Class	\$500	\$100	\$250
Automatic Investment Account			
- Institutional Class	\$2,500	\$250	\$2,500
- Investor Class	\$2,500	\$250	\$2,500

(1) The minimum investment amounts may be waived or lowered for investments effected through banks and other institutions that have entered into arrangements with the Fund or the distributor of the Fund and for investments effected on a group basis by certain other entities and their employees, such as investments pursuant to a payroll deduction plan and asset-based or wrap programs. Please consult your financial intermediary for information about minimum investment requirements. The Fund reserves the right to change or waive the minimum initial and subsequent investment requirements at any time. The Fund reserves the right to close purchases to new investors at any time.

## Tax Information

Depending on the character of income distributed, the Fund's distributions will be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, unless you are investing through a tax-deferred arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or an individual retirement account. Such tax-deferred arrangements may be taxed later upon withdrawal from those accounts.

## Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and/or iM Global may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.



