

# iMGP Global Select Fund

## Summary Prospectus

**Institutional Class Ticker Symbol: MSEFX**

**April 29, 2024**

*Before you invest, you may want to review the Fund's Prospectus, which contains more information about the Fund and its risks. You can find the Fund's Prospectus, Statement of Additional Information and other information about the Fund online at <http://imgpfunds.com/documents-forms>. You may also obtain this information at no cost by calling 1-800-960-0188. The Fund's Prospectus and Statement of Additional Information, each dated April 29, 2024, are incorporated by reference into this Summary Prospectus.*

### **Investment Objective**

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The iMGP Global Select Fund (the "Global Select Fund") seeks long-term growth of capital; that is, the increase in the value of your investment over the long term.

## Fees and Expenses of the Global Select Fund

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the Global Select Fund. You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the table and example below.

### Annual Operating Expenses (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

	Institutional Class
Management Fees <sup>(1)</sup>	0.85%
Other Expenses	0.32%
Interest and Dividend Expenses	0.04%
Total Other Expenses	0.36%
<b>Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses<sup>(1)</sup></b>	<b>1.21%</b>
Fee Waiver and/or Expense Reimbursement <sup>(2)(3)</sup>	(0.20)%
<b>Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waiver and/or Expense Reimbursement<sup>(1)(2)(3)</sup></b>	<b>1.01%</b>

- (1) “Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses” and “Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waiver and/or Expense Reimbursement” do not correlate to the corresponding ratios included in the Global Select Fund’s Financial Highlights because the management fees for the Fund were reduced effective April 29, 2024 and were not in effect for the previous fiscal year.
- (2) iM Global Partner Fund Management, LLC (formerly, Litman Gregory Fund Advisors, LLC) (“iM Global” or the “Advisor”), the advisor to the Global Select Fund, has contractually agreed to limit the Fund’s operating expenses (excluding any taxes, interest, brokerage commissions, borrowing costs, dividend expenses, acquired fund fees and expenses and extraordinary expenses such as but not limited to litigation costs) through April 30, 2025 to an annual rate of 0.98% on the first \$750 million of the Global Select Fund’s assets (the “Operating Expense Limitation”). This agreement may be renewed for additional periods not exceeding one (1) year and may be terminated by the Board of Trustees (the “Board”) of Litman Gregory Funds Trust (the “Trust”) upon sixty (60) days’ written notice to iM Global. iM Global may also decline to renew this agreement by written notice to the Trust at least thirty (30) days before the renewal date. Pursuant to this agreement, iM Global may recoup reduced fees and expenses only within three years from the end of the month in which the reimbursement took place, provided that the recoupment does not cause the Fund’s annual expense ratio to exceed the lesser of (i) the expense limitation applicable at the time of that fee waiver and/or expense reimbursement or (ii) the expense limitation in effect at the time of recoupment.
- (3) iM Global has separately contractually agreed through April 30, 2025 to waive a portion of its advisory fees so that after paying all of the sub-advisory fees, the net advisory fee as a percentage of the Fund’s daily net assets retained by iM Global is 0.40% on the first \$750 million of assets and 0.30% on assets over \$750 million. This agreement may be terminated at any time by the Board of the Trust upon sixty (60) days’ written notice to iM Global, and iM Global may decline to renew this agreement by written notice to the Trust at least thirty (30) days before the agreement’s annual expiration date. iM Global has waived its right to receive reimbursement of the portion of its advisory fees waived pursuant to this agreement.

### Example

This example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Global Select Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Global Select Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Global Select Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. The cost for the Global Select Fund reflects the net expenses of the Fund that result from the contractual expense limitation in the first year only. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

	One Year	Three Years	Five Years	Ten Years
Institutional Class	\$103	\$357	\$639	\$1,442

### Portfolio Turnover

The Global Select Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when shares of the Global Select Fund are held in a taxable account as compared to shares of investment companies that hold investments for a longer period. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the example, affect the Global Select Fund’s performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Global Select Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 55.74% of the average value of its portfolio.

## Principal Strategies

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The Global Select Fund invests in the securities of companies that the sub-advisors to the Global Select Fund (each, a “manager” or “sub-advisor”) believe have strong appreciation potential. The Advisor believes that giving highly disciplined managers latitude in the types of stocks they can own can confer an advantage over managers who are more tightly constrained to an arbitrary “style box.” This belief underlays the premise of the Global Select Fund to seek skilled managers, give them broad flexibility, limit them to their highest-conviction ideas and create diversification at the overall fund level by choosing managers with complementary styles, which the Advisor believes also should reduce risk. The Advisor is responsible for recommending which sub-advisors to hire or remove. Before hiring a sub-advisor, the Advisor performs extensive due diligence. This includes quantitative and qualitative analysis, including (but not limited to) an evaluation of the investment process, the consistency of its execution and discipline; individual holdings; strategies employed, past mistakes, risk controls, team depth and quality; operations and compliance; and business focus and vision. The Advisor’s evaluation process includes review of literature and documents, quantitative historical performance evaluation, extensive discussions with members of the investment team and firm management and background checks through industry contacts.

There is no minimum or maximum allocation of the Global Select Fund’s portfolio assets to each sub-advisor. The Advisor is responsible for establishing the target allocation of the Global Select Fund’s assets to each manager based on the Advisor’s goal of maintaining a balance of investment styles (growth, value, and blend) and market capitalization exposure (large-cap, mid-cap and small-cap companies) and may adjust the target allocations at its discretion. Market performance may result in allocation drift among the managers of the Global Select Fund. The Advisor is responsible for periodically rebalancing the portfolios, the timing and degree of which will be determined by the Advisor based on the amount of deviation from pre-established target allocation ranges and the Advisor’s assessment of market conditions and investment opportunities available to each sub-advisor. The Advisor monitors the individual portfolios managed by the sub-advisors to ensure that the overall portfolio does not include any unintentional over-weights to market capitalization levels, sectors, industries or individual securities. Under normal conditions, each sub-advisor manages a portion of the Global Select Fund’s assets by independently managing a portfolio typically composed of at least 10, but not more than 35 stocks (resulting in total Fund holdings of 45 to 85 different stocks).

Under normal market conditions, the Global Select Fund invests at least 80% of its net assets, plus the amount of any borrowings for investment purposes, in equity securities. Typically, the Fund invests between 25%-75% in equity securities of U.S. companies and between 25-75% of its net assets in equity securities of non-U.S. companies. The specific allocation to U.S. and non-U.S. securities will vary from time to time based on the sub-advisors’ assessment of domestic and international market conditions. An issuer is considered to be “located” in a particular country on the basis of its domicile, its principal place of business or headquarters, its primary stock exchange listing, and/or the primary source of its revenues (i.e., at least 50% of its revenues are generated in that country). There is no minimum portion of the Global Select Fund’s assets required to be invested in any single country, but the Global Select Fund will invest more than 25% of its assets, and typically a much higher percentage, in non-U.S. countries. The Global Select Fund may invest in emerging markets. iM Global defines an emerging market country as any country that is included in the MSCI Emerging Markets Index. Each sub-advisor may, at its discretion, invest in foreign currencies or use currency futures or forwards to hedge the currency risk of holding non-U.S. Dollar denominated securities.

Securities in which the Global Select Fund may invest include predominantly equity securities (common stocks). The Global Select Fund may focus its investments in certain sectors – including, but not limited to, the finance, healthcare and technology sectors – from time to time as a result of the implementation of the Global Select Fund’s investment strategy by the sub-advisors, but sector focus is not a principal strategy of the Fund. Investment in a sector typically includes investment in multiple industries within a sector. The Fund invests in securities of all sizes, but typically focuses on the securities of large- and mid-sized companies, as measured by market capitalization at the time of acquisition.

The Global Select Fund’s three sub-advisors (four portfolio segments) emphasize different stock-picking styles and invest in stocks spanning a range of market capitalizations. The Fund’s four sub-advised portfolios can generally be described as: (1) global mid cap value, (2) global large cap growth, (3) global small/mid cap growth, and (4) global large cap value, with target allocations to each portfolio as indicated in the following table:

<b>SUB- ADVISOR</b>	<b>TARGET ASSET ALLOCATION</b>	<b>MARKET CAPITALIZATION OF COMPANIES IN PORTFOLIO</b>	<b>STOCK-PICKING STYLE</b>
Nuance Investments, LLC ("Nuance")	30%	All sizes, but mostly mid-sized companies	Value
Polen Capital Management, LLC ("Polen Capital")	20%	Large-sized companies	Growth
Polen Capital	20%	Small- and mid-sized companies	Growth
Scharf Investments, LLC ("Scharf")	30%	All sizes, but mostly large-sized companies	Value

The Global Select Fund’s global mid-cap value strategy managed by Nuance focuses on the belief that the ability to outperform the broad stock market requires a consistent and disciplined value investing approach. Nuance seeks to generate investment returns by diligently reviewing one company at a time on its own investment merits. Through long-term study of each company and thorough analysis of financial statements, management strategy and competitive position, using both fundamental research and interviews of management teams to help evaluate the sustainability of leading businesses, Nuance seeks to identify companies it considers to be best in class and having a long-term competitive advantage. With respect to valuation, Nuance seeks to identify potential holdings that are undervalued in the marketplace for transitory reasons because of a period of lower earnings that in Nuance’s view is not unusual in the context of typical industry cycles or a specific company’s approach to the competitive landscape.

The Global Select Fund’s large cap growth strategy managed by Polen Capital focuses on investments in large capitalization companies (market capitalizations greater than \$10 billion at the time of purchase) that are located anywhere in the world, including companies in both developed and emerging markets, and, in Polen Capital’s opinion, have a sustainable competitive advantage. Polen Capital uses an intensive fundamental research process to identify companies that it believes have certain attractive characteristics, which typically reflect an underlying competitive advantage, focusing on five principal “guardrails”, including (i) return on equity, (ii) strong earnings growth and free cash flow generation, (iii) strong balance sheets, (iv) stable or growing profit margins, and (v) organic revenue growth, to narrow down the broad universe to the types of businesses in which the Global Select Fund will invest. The Global Select Fund’s large cap growth strategy invests in high-quality large capitalization growth companies that Polen Capital believes have a competitive advantage within an industry and can deliver sustainable, above-average earnings growth.

The Global Select Fund’s global small/mid cap growth strategy is also managed by Polen Capital and focuses investments in small and mid-cap companies that, at the time of purchase, are within the range of the market capitalizations of companies in the MSCI ACWI SMID Index. As of December 31, 2023, the average weighted market capitalization of the issuers in the MSCI ACWI SMID Index was approximately \$6.9 billion. Polen Capital’s investment process and philosophy with respect to the small/mid cap growth strategy follows the same fundamental principles as described above for the large cap growth strategy to identify companies with a competitive advantage, including an assessment of the management team, business model and performance against competitors, among other factors.

In addition, the small/mid cap strategy focuses on five investment criteria that must be satisfied by each company in which the Fund invests: each company must (i) be uniquely positioned, (ii) have a repeatable sales process, (iii) have a robust business model, (iv) have an effective management team, and (v) have value-creating reinvestment opportunities. Polen Capital may sell an existing holding of the Global Select Fund’s small/mid cap growth portfolio if a company ceases to meet one of these criteria.

The Global Select Fund’s global large cap value strategy managed by Scharf invests in equity securities of companies of all size market capitalizations, with a focus on large capitalization companies. Scharf utilizes five key elements in its equity investment philosophy: (i) low valuation, (ii) discount to fair value, (iii) investment flexibility, (iv) focus and (v) long-term perspective. Through a proprietary screening process, Scharf seeks to identify investments with low valuations combined with growing earnings, cash flow and/or book value, which Scharf describes as “growth stocks at value prices.” Scharf targets

companies it can purchase at a 30% discount due to temporary market mispricing and considers certain factors, including, among others, a company's market conditions and earnings stream, to determine whether a low valuation is temporary and therefore a candidate for investment, or structural and reflecting a larger underlying issue that would make an investment unattractive.

Each sub-advisor applies its investment process when determining when a security may be sold. Generally, a security may be sold: (1) if the sub-advisor believes the security's market price exceeds its estimate of intrinsic value; (2) if the sub-advisor's view of the business fundamentals (profitability, balance sheet stability, product acceptance, competitive advantages) or management of the underlying company changes; (3) if a more attractive investment in terms of long-term growth potential is found; (4) if general market conditions that may include changes in employment rates, interest rate fluctuations, changes in fiscal policies, changes in regulations and other factors trigger a change in the manager's assessment criteria; or (5) for other portfolio management reasons.

## Principal Risks

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Investment in stocks exposes shareholders of the Global Select Fund to the risk of losing money if the value of the stocks held by the Fund declines during the period an investor owns shares in the Global Select Fund. An investment in the Global Select Fund is not a deposit in a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. The following risks could affect the value of your investment. Some or all of these risks may adversely affect the Global Select Fund's net asset value per share, total return and/or ability to meet its objective.

- **Equity Securities Risk.** This is the risk that the value of equity securities may fluctuate, sometimes rapidly and unpredictably, due to factors affecting the general market, an entire industry or sector, or particular companies. These factors include, without limitation, adverse changes in economic conditions, the general outlook for corporate earnings, interest rates or investor sentiment; increases in production costs; and significant management decisions. This risk is greater for small- and medium-sized companies, which tend to be more vulnerable to adverse developments than larger companies.
- **Foreign Investment Risk.** This is the risk that an investment in foreign (non-U.S.) securities may cause the Global Select Fund to experience more rapid and extreme changes in value than a fund that invests exclusively in securities of U.S. companies, due to, among other factors, less publicly available information, less stringent and less uniform accounting, auditing and financial reporting standards, less liquid and more volatile markets, higher transaction and custody costs, additional taxes, less investor protection, delayed or less frequent settlement, political or social instability, civil unrest, acts of terrorism, regional economic volatility, and the imposition of sanctions, confiscations, trade restrictions (including tariffs) and other government restrictions by the United States and/or other governments.
- **Emerging Markets Risk.** This is the risk that the value of the Global Select Fund's emerging markets investments will decline due to the greater degree of economic, political and social instability of emerging or developing countries as compared to developed countries. Investments in emerging market countries are subject to substantial risks due to, among other factors, different accounting standards and thinner trading markets as compared to those in developed countries; less publicly available and reliable information about issuers as compared to developed markets; the possibility of currency transfer restrictions; and the risk of expropriation, nationalization or other adverse political, economic or social developments.
- **Currency Risk.** This is the risk that foreign currencies will decline in value relative to the U.S. dollar and affect the Global Select Fund's investments in foreign (non-U.S.) currencies or in securities that trade in, and receive revenues in, or in derivatives that provide exposure to, foreign (non-U.S.) currencies.
- **Convertible Securities Risk.** This is the risk that the market value of convertible securities may fluctuate due to changes in, among other things, interest rates; other general economic conditions; industry fundamentals; market sentiment; the issuer's operating results, financial statements, and credit ratings; and the market value of the underlying common or preferred stock.
- **Market Risk.** The value of the Global Select Fund's shares will fluctuate based on the performance of the Global Select Fund's investments and other factors affecting the securities markets generally. Certain investments selected for the Global Select Fund's portfolio may be worth less than the price originally paid for them, or less than they were worth at an earlier time. The value of the Global Select Fund's investments may go up or down, sometimes dramatically and

unpredictably, based on current market conditions, such as real or perceived adverse political or economic conditions, inflation, changes in interest rates, lack of liquidity in the fixed income markets or adverse investor sentiment.

- **Geopolitical Events Risk.** The interconnectivity between global economies and financial markets increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one region or financial market may adversely impact issuers in a different country, region or financial market. Securities in the Global Select Fund's portfolio may underperform due to inflation (or expectations for inflation), interest rates, global demand for particular products or resources, natural disasters, climate change and climate-related events, pandemics, epidemics, terrorism, international conflicts, regulatory events and governmental or quasi-governmental actions. The occurrence of global events similar to those in recent years may result in market volatility and may have long-term effects on both the U.S. and global financial markets.
- **Mid-Sized Companies Risk.** Securities of companies with mid-sized market capitalizations are generally more volatile and less liquid than the securities of large-capitalization companies. Mid-sized companies may be more reliant on a few products, services or key personnel, which can make it riskier than investing in larger companies with more diverse product lines and structured management. Mid-sized companies may have relatively short operating histories or may be newer public companies.
- **Smaller Companies Risk.** The Global Select Fund may invest a portion of its assets in the securities of small- and mid-sized companies. Securities of small and mid-cap companies are generally more volatile and less liquid than the securities of large-cap companies. This is because smaller companies may be more reliant on a few products, services or key personnel, which can make it riskier than investing in larger companies with more diverse product lines and structured management.
- **Multi-Management Risk.** Because portions of the Global Select Fund's assets are managed by different portfolio managers using different styles, the Global Select Fund could experience overlapping security transactions that could lead to unintended concentration in certain securities. Certain portfolio managers may be purchasing securities at the same time other portfolio managers may be selling those same securities, which may lead to higher transaction expenses and tax inefficiencies compared to using a single investment manager.
- **Large Shareholder Purchase and Redemption Risk.** The Global Select Fund may experience adverse effects when certain large shareholders purchase or redeem large amounts of shares of the Global Select Fund. Such large shareholder redemptions may cause the Global Select Fund to sell its securities at times when it would not otherwise do so, which may negatively impact the Global Select Fund's net asset value and liquidity. Similarly, large share purchases may adversely affect the Global Select Fund's performance to the extent that the Global Select Fund is delayed in investing new cash and is required to maintain a larger cash position than it ordinarily would. In addition, a large redemption could result in the Global Select Fund's current expenses being allocated over a smaller asset base, leading to an increase in the Global Select Fund's expense ratio.
- **Europe Investing Risk.** The Global Select Fund may invest a significant portion of its assets in issuers based in Western Europe and the United Kingdom ("UK"). The economies of countries in Europe are often closely connected and interdependent, and events in one country in Europe can have an adverse impact on other European countries. Efforts by the member countries of the European Union ("EU") to continue to unify their economic and monetary policies may increase the potential for similarities in the movements of European markets and reduce the potential investment benefits of diversification within the region. However, the substance of these policies may not address the needs of all European economies. European financial markets have in recent years experienced increased volatility due to concerns with some countries' high levels of sovereign debt, budget deficits and unemployment. Markets have also been affected by the decision by the UK to withdraw from the EU (an event commonly known as "Brexit"). There continues to be uncertainty surrounding the ultimate impact of Brexit on the UK, the EU and the broader global economy. An exit by any member countries from the EU or the Economic and Monetary Union of the EU, or even the prospect of such an exit, could lead to increased volatility in European markets and negatively affect investments both in issuers in the exiting country and throughout Europe.
- **Sector Weightings Risk.** Although sector focus is not a principal strategy of the Global Select Fund, the Global Select Fund may from time to time emphasize investments in a particular sector as a result of the implementation of its principal investment strategies. To the extent that the Global Select Fund emphasizes investments in a particular sector, the Global Select Fund has the potential to be subject to a greater degree to the risks particular to that sector, including the sectors described below. Market conditions, interest rates, and economic, regulatory, or financial developments could



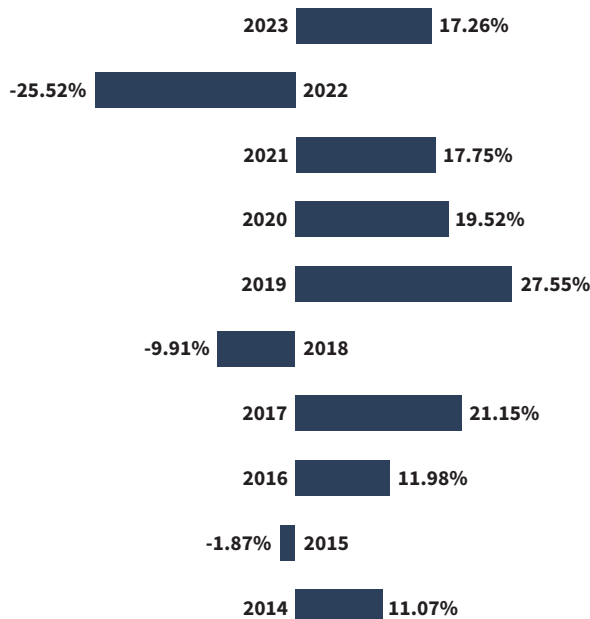
significantly affect a single sector. By focusing its investments in a particular sector, the Global Select Fund may potentially face more risks than if it were diversified broadly over numerous sectors.

- **Financial Sector Risk.** The Global Select Fund may invest a portion of its assets in the financial sector and, therefore, the performance of the Fund could be negatively impacted by events affecting this sector, including changes in interest rates, government regulation, the rate of defaults on corporate, consumer and government debt and the availability and cost of capital.
- **Healthcare Sector Risk.** The Global Select Fund may invest a portion of its assets in the healthcare sector. The profitability of companies in the healthcare sector may be adversely affected by government regulations and government healthcare programs, increases or decreases in the cost of medical products and services and product liability claims, among other factors. Many healthcare companies are heavily dependent on patent protection, and the expiration of a company's patent may adversely affect that company's profitability. Healthcare companies are subject to competitive forces that may result in price discounting, and may be thinly capitalized and susceptible to product obsolescence.
- **Technology Sector Risk.** The Global Select Fund may invest a portion of its assets in the technology sector, which is a very volatile segment of the market. The nature of technology is that it is rapidly changing. Therefore, products or services that may initially look promising may subsequently fail or become obsolete. In addition, many technology companies are younger, smaller and unseasoned companies which may not have established products, an experienced management team, or earnings history.
- **Investment Selection Risk.** The sub-advisors' portfolio managers may select investments that underperform and investors' Fund shares may decline in value. This risk may be more significant when sub-advisors concentrate their holdings in a limited number of securities as may be the case in the Global Select Fund because concentration can magnify the potential for gains and losses from individual securities. This risk may be greater for multi-manager funds compared to funds with a single manager.
- **Cybersecurity Risk.** With the increased use of technologies such as the Internet to conduct business, the Global Select Fund is susceptible to operational, information security, and related risks. Cyber incidents affecting the Global Select Fund or its service providers may cause disruptions and impact business operations, potentially resulting in financial losses, interference with the Global Select Fund's ability to calculate its NAV, impediments to trading, the inability of shareholders to transact business, violations of applicable privacy and other laws, regulatory fines, penalties, reputational damage, reimbursement or other compensation costs, or additional compliance costs.
- **Operational Risk.** Operational risks include human error, changes in personnel, system changes, faults in communication, and failures in systems, technology, or processes. Various operational events or circumstances are outside the Advisor's or a sub-advisor's control, including instances at third parties. The Global Select Fund, the Advisor and each sub-advisor seek to reduce these operational risks through controls and procedures. However, these measures do not address every possible risk and may be inadequate to address these risks.
- **Value Stock Risk.** Value stocks are stocks of companies that may have experienced adverse business or industry developments or may be subject to special risks that have caused the stocks to be out of favor and, in the opinion of the manager, undervalued. The value of a security believed by the manager to be undervalued may never reach what is believed to be its full (intrinsic) value, or that security's value may decrease.
- **Growth Investing Risk.** Growth stocks, as a group, may be out of favor with the market and underperform value stocks or the overall equity market. Growth stocks are generally more sensitive to market movements than other types of stocks primarily because their prices are based heavily on the future expectations of the economy and the stock's issuing company.
- **Securities Lending Risk:** The Fund may engage in securities lending. Securities lending involves possible delay in recovery of the securities or possible loss of rights in the collateral should the borrower fail financially. The Fund could also lose money if the value of the collateral decreases. As a result, the value of the Fund shares may fall.

## Performance

The following performance information provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Global Select Fund. The bar chart shows changes in the performance of the Global Select Fund's Institutional Class shares from year to year. The table below shows how the Global Select Fund's average annual total returns of the Institutional Class for the 1-, 5- and 10-year periods compare to those of a broad-based market index and an index of peer group mutual funds. Past performance, before and after taxes, does not necessarily indicate how the Global Select Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available on the Global Select Fund's website at [www.imgpfunds.com](http://www.imgpfunds.com).

### Global Select Fund – Institutional Class Calendar Year Total Returns as of December 31



During the period shown above, the highest and lowest quarterly returns earned by the Fund were:

<b>Highest:</b>	<b>22.68%</b>	<b>Quarter ended June 30, 2020</b>
<b>Lowest:</b>	<b>-24.62%</b>	<b>Quarter ended March 31, 2020</b>

### Average Annual Total Returns (for the periods ended December 31, 2023)

Global Select Fund	One Year	Five Years	Ten Years
<b>Institutional Class</b>			
Return Before Taxes	17.26%	9.41%	7.64%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	16.16%	6.19%	4.88%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	10.99%	7.30%	5.72%
<b>MSCI World Index</b> (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	23.79%	12.80%	8.60%
<b>Morningstar US Global Large Blend Category</b> (reflects net performance of funds in this group)	17.81%	10.27%	7.02%

The Global Select Fund's after-tax returns as shown in the above table are calculated using the historical highest applicable individual federal marginal income tax rates for the period and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Your actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown. If you own shares of the Global Select Fund in



a tax-deferred account, such as a 401(k) plan or an individual retirement account, after-tax returns shown are not relevant to your investment. The after-tax returns on distributions and sale of Fund shares may be higher than returns before taxes due to the effect of a tax benefit an investor may receive from the realization of capital losses that would have been incurred on the sale of Fund shares.

## Management

INVESTMENT ADVISOR	PORTFOLIO MANAGER	MANAGED THE GLOBAL SELECT FUND SINCE:
<b>iM Global Partner Fund Management, LLC</b>	Jack Chee, CIO Asset Management US, Managing Director and Co-Portfolio Manager	2014
	Kiko Vallarta, CFA, Senior Vice President, Co-Head of Equity Strategies and Co-Portfolio Manager	2022
<b>SUB-ADVISOR</b>	<b>PORTFOLIO MANAGER</b>	
<b>Nuance Investments, LLC</b>	Scott Moore, CFA, President, Co-Chief Investment Officer and Portfolio Manager	2014
	Chad Baumler, CFA, Vice President, Co-Chief Investment Officer and Portfolio Manager	2020
<b>Polen Capital Management, LLC</b>	Damon Ficklin, Head of Team, Portfolio Manager and Analyst, Large Company Growth	2022
	Rayna Lesser Hannaway, CFA, Head of Team, Portfolio Manager and Analyst, Small Company Growth	2023
	Shane Smith, CFA, Portfolio Manager and Analyst, Small Company Growth	2023
	Greg McIntire, CFA, Head of Portfolio Insights and Portfolio Manager, Small Company Growth	2023
	Bryan Power, CFA, Director of Research, Portfolio Manager and Analyst, Large Company Growth	2023
	Angel Ortiz, Portfolio Manager & Analyst, Emerging Markets	2024
<b>Scharf Investments, LLC</b>	Brian A. Krawez, President, Investment Committee Chairman and Lead Equity Manager	2022
	Gabe Houston, Investment Committee Member, Senior Research Analyst	2022

## Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

You may purchase, redeem or exchange Fund shares on any business day by written request via mail (Litman Gregory Funds Trust, c/o SS&C Global Investor & Distribution Solutions, Inc., P.O. Box 219922, Kansas City, MO 64121-9922), by wire transfer, by telephone at 1-800-960-0188, or through a financial intermediary. The minimum initial and subsequent investment amounts for the Fund are shown below.

<b>Fund/Type of Account</b>	<b>Minimum Initial Investment<sup>(1)</sup></b>	<b>Minimum Additional Investment</b>	<b>Minimum Account Balance</b>
Regular			
- Institutional Class	\$10,000	\$250	\$2,500
Retirement Account			
- Institutional Class	\$1,000	\$100	\$250
Automatic Investment Account			
- Institutional Class	\$2,500	\$250	\$2,500

(1) The minimum investment amounts may be waived or lowered for investments effected through banks and other institutions that have entered into arrangements with the Fund or the distributor of the Fund and for investments effected on a group basis by certain other entities and their employees, such as investments pursuant to a payroll deduction plan and asset-based or wrap programs. Please consult your financial intermediary for information about minimum investment requirements. The Fund reserves the right to change or waive the minimum initial and subsequent investment requirements at any time. The Fund reserves the right to close purchases to new investors at any time.

## Tax Information

Depending on the character of income distributed, the Fund's distributions will be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, unless you are investing through a tax-deferred arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or an individual retirement account. Such tax-deferred arrangements may be taxed later upon withdrawal from those accounts.

## Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (as a bank), the Fund and/or iM Global may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.



